School Place Planning Projections



Overall Population Projections in Westminster
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Overall Population Projections in Westminster

Corporate Business Intelligence provide the following information on Westminster's population that affect child population projections for the majority of inner London boroughs:

- An increase in the Mid Year Estimates produced by the Office of National Statistics (ONS), proved to be inaccurate for some child age-groups in particular and contradicted the evidence presented by falling school rolls locally. The GLA does not therefore use ONS figures and Westminster has produced local school projections using GLA data only since 2020.
- The national census was conducted in March 2021 and would usually offer the opportunity to realign population estimates with the current situation. Unfortunately the Census took place during the pandemic with many people absent from Inner London. Census figures indicated a 24% reduction in our population size from the previous mid-year estimate (2020), with 37% fewer children overall. The ONS acknowledge that these results are lower than a normal population estimate.
- Whilst the census has certainly under-estimated the number of working age adults and older people, the figures for children appear to be more accurate given current spare capacity in primary schools. The next set of population estimates will be the Mid Year Estimates 2021, due to be published November 2022.
- The Office of National Statistics will revise all their Mid Year Estimates for 2012 to 2020, in Spring 2023. When that data is available, we will be able to start projecting population trends more accurately, working with the GLA to ensure projections remain closer to current local spare capacity data in primary schools.

Estimate of primary school children derived from housing pipeline following change in housing policy since May 2022

- The annual housing target is set in the City Plan at 985 units.
- The affordable housing target proportion of that is currently 35%, or 345 net affordable units
- The likely future ambition is to maintain the 985 unit target, but to increase the social housing proportion to 60% of the affordable units. This means we would aim to build 207 social housing units per year.

Housing target		Expected child yield (from social housing) for state primary schools between 2027 - 2032
985	138	61
Affordable housing target	Future social housing target	Potential future children yield (from social housing)
345	207	91

- In social housing, based on historical yield data, **at least 65 net social rent units** would need to be completed within a primary school catchment area, in order for **1** new form of entry to be required.
- The revised City Plan may lead to an additional 3 forms of entry (91 as shown above) across Westminster between 2027 and 2032. The housing pipeline, even with the higher social housing targets, makes only a small positive impact on the potential numbers of additional pupils at WCC primaries.
- It is worth noting that the sites where new build might occur are still being investigated. Currently, therefore, we don't know where delivery will occur in relation to the school planning areas.
- There is also a 25% target for family sized homes, which might be expected to yield children, however, that refers to all new build homes, and might not be proportional across all tenures. Market housing currently yields small numbers of children going to WCC primary schools.

School Roll Projections (SRP)

- Westminster Council subscribes to the GLA modelling for its forecasting. This modelling is used by all London boroughs and is the data source attributed to the annual statutory DfE School Capacity Annual Projections return (SCAP). This annual return generates Basic Need Capital Funding from the DfE for local authorities to provide additional school places (where applicable).
- The data sources are school rolls (census), births, population and approved housing developments (all by ward/planning area). Education and Corporate Business Intelligence apply the modelling to produce the projections.
- The data is run through reporting software to visualise the different models to see how it matches with internal expectations, modelling and planning and then a specific scenario is applied and adapted as necessary. The standard scenario, and the default option for the input into the school roll projections, applies standard migration assumptions for the Covid period and high outward migration assumptions from Westminster in the longer term.

Section 1

Primary school projections

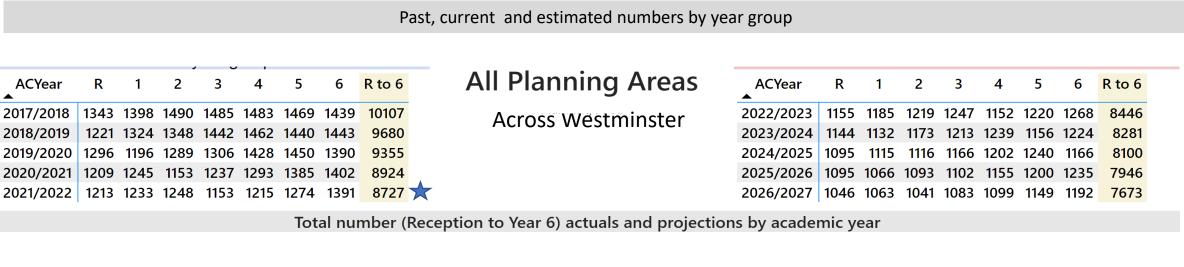
Primary School Projections

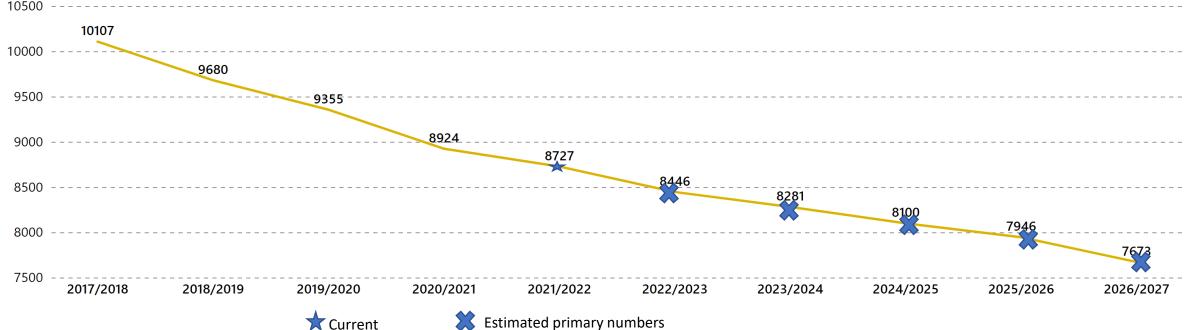
- The following slides show the pupil projections for the whole borough and then by planning area.
- Planning areas (PAs) are set by the DfE for the purpose of school place planning. For the primary schools, there are six planning areas.
- Projections have been estimated for the next 5 years. Local, national and world events, when projections were undertaken in the past, such as benefit changes, the Covid-19 pandemic, Brexit and the Ukraine conflict, can affect the pupil population and this is why projections are updated and amended annually for planning purposes and to ensure accuracy.

Data sources for projections:

The 2022 figure is from Summer (May) 2022 census also for the surplus/unfilled places The GLA forecast data is from Spring census <u>Publisher: GLA Demography - London Datastore</u> There are six Planning Areas (PA) for primary place planning purposes. The below table shows the forecasts for the combined PAs Total number of primary places provided across Westminster, excluding nursery (based on the Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN): 11396

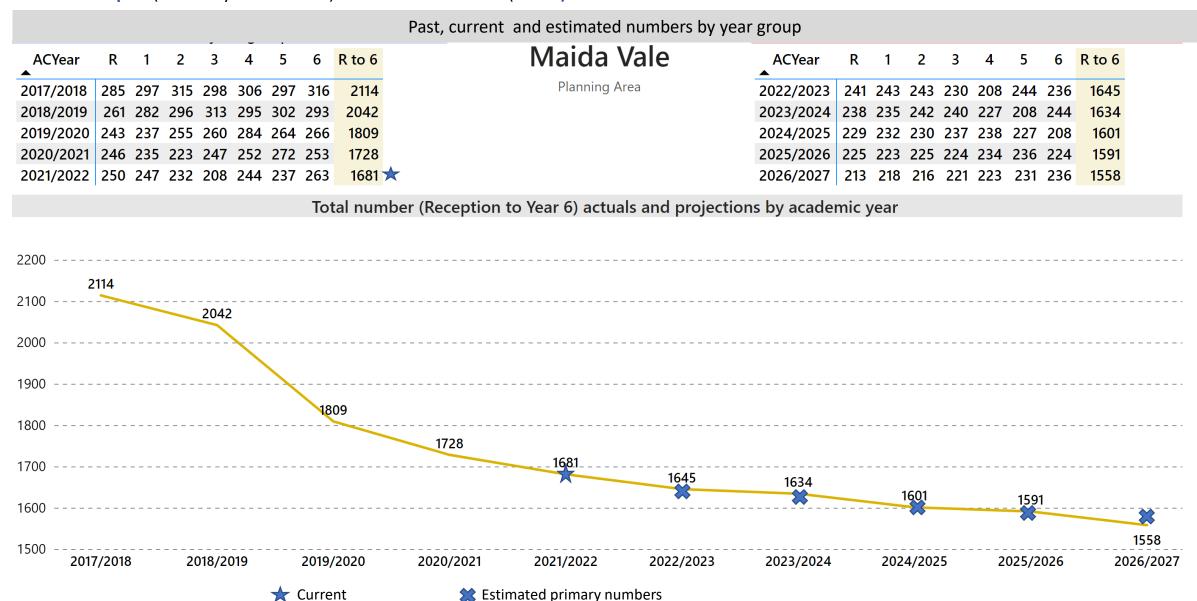
Current Surplus (as at May 2022 pupil census): 2699 (23.4%)





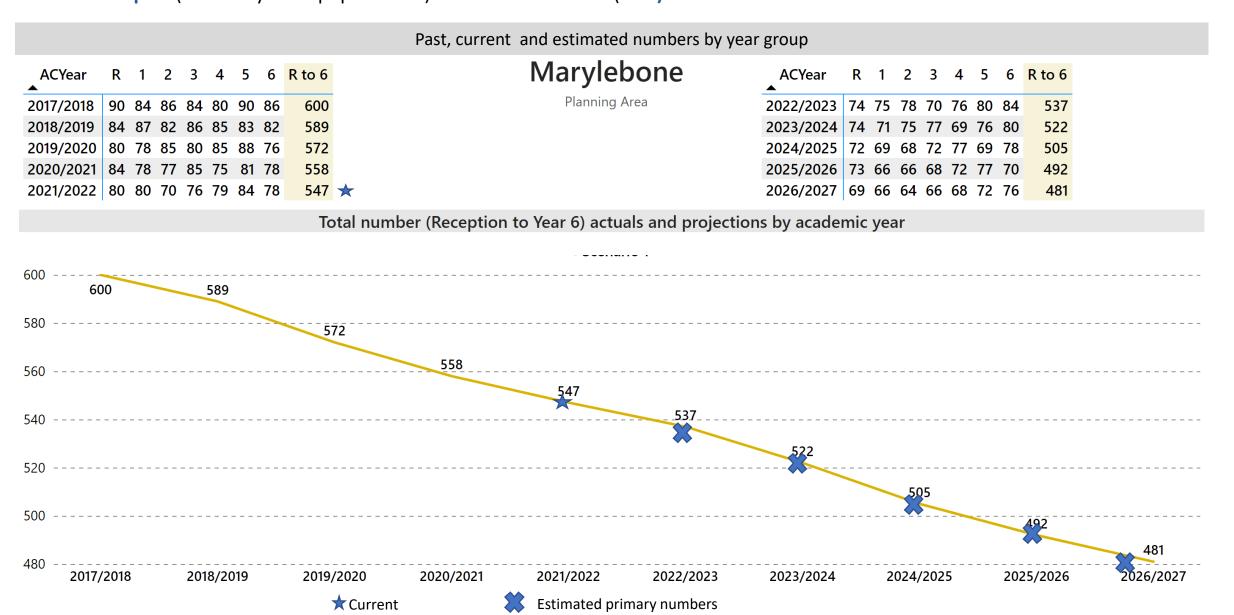
Planning Area 1: Maida Vale - Essendine, Queens Park, St Augustine's, St Joseph's, St Luke's, St Peter's, St Saviour's, Wilberforce

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN): 2058Current Surplus (as at May 2022 census): 376(18.2%)



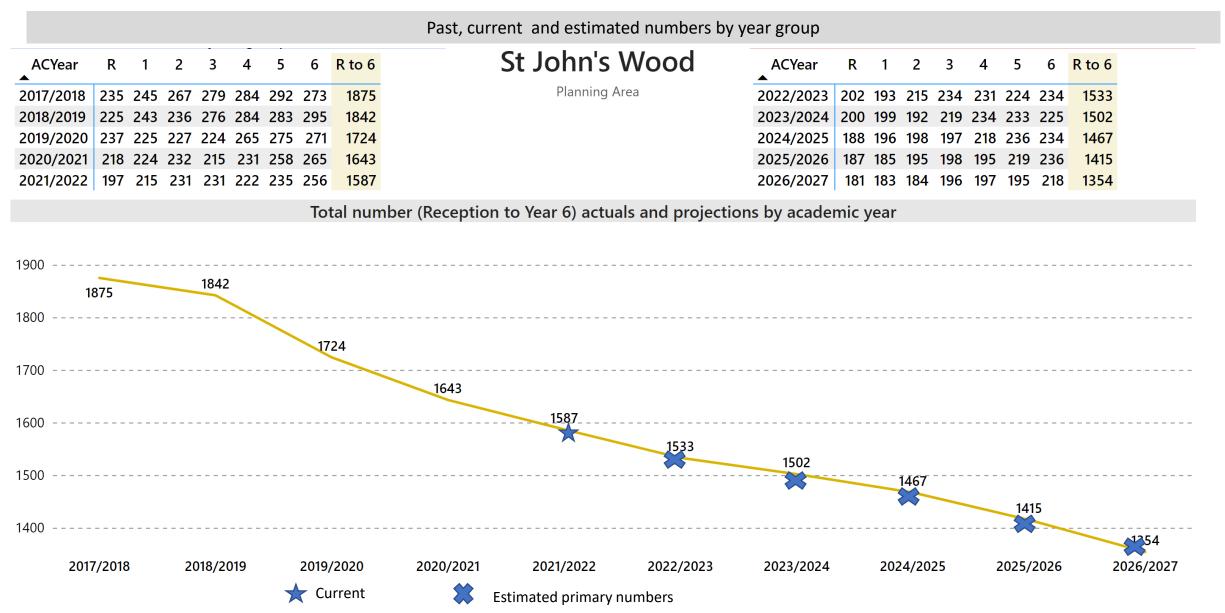
Planning Area 2: Marylebone - Hampden Gurney, St Mary's Bryanston Sq, St Vincent's

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN): 630Current Surplus (as at May 2022 pupil census): 83(13%)



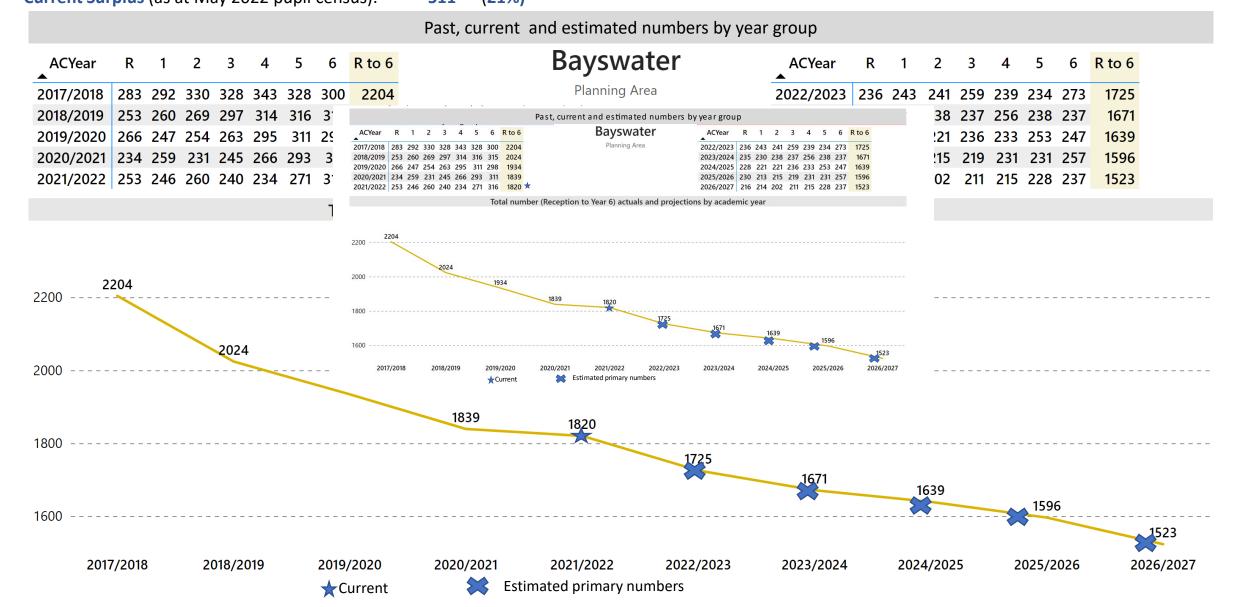
Planning Area 3: St John's Wood - Ark King Solomon, Barrow Hill, Christ Church Bentinck, Gateway, George Eliot, Robinsfield, St Edward's

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN): 2940Current Surplus (as at May 2022 pupil census): 720(25%)



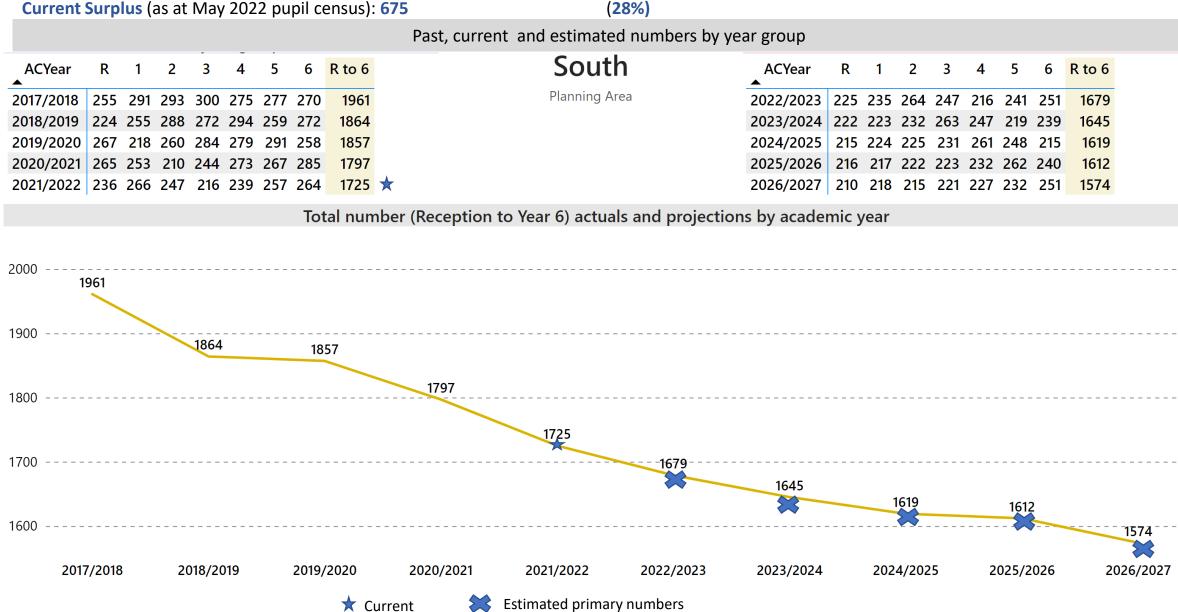
Planning Area 4: Bayswater - Ark Atwood, Edward Wilson, Hallfield, Our Lady of Dolours, St James and St John, St Mary Magdalene, St Mary of the Angels, St Stephen's

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN):2331Current Surplus (as at May 2022 pupil census):511 (21%)



Planning Area 5: South - Burdett Coutts, Churchill Gardens, Millbank, Pimlico Primary, St Barnabas, St Gabriel's, St Peter's Eaton Square, St Vincent De Paul, Westminster Cathedral

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN): 2401

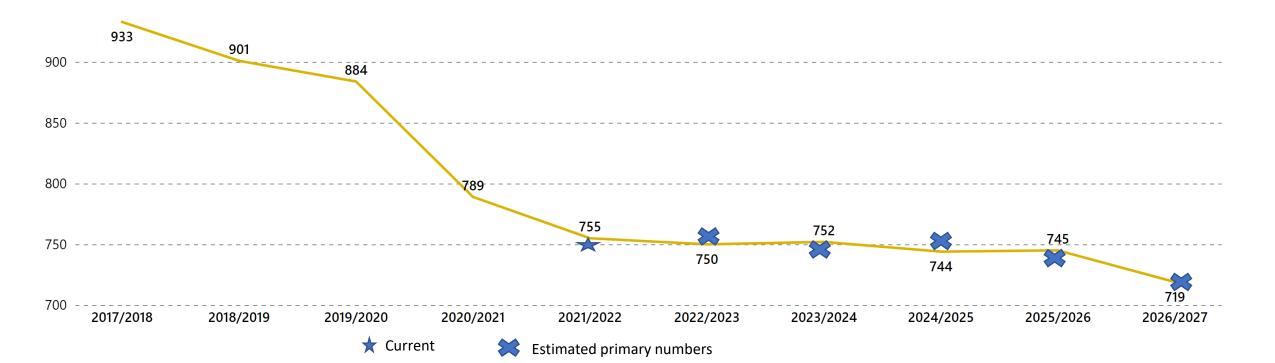


Planning Area 6: Central - All Souls, Soho Parish, St Clement Danes, St George's Hanover Sq, St Matthew's

Total admissions number (based on the formal Published Admissions Number for each school (PAN):1036Current Surplus (as at May 2022 pupil census):281(27%)

Past, current and estimated numbers by year group																		
ACYear	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	R to 6	Central	ACYear	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	R to 6
2017/2018	139	130	139	136	135	125	129	933	Planning Area	2022/2023	112	108	100	122	96	108	104	750
2018/2019	124	138	118	139	127	133	122	901		2023/2024	111	110	106	99	121	96	109	752
2019/2020	127	119	137	118	132	126	125	884		2024/2025	102	110	110	106	<mark>98</mark>	122	96	744
2020/2021	98	118	106	123	111	118	115	789		2025/2026	103	103	108	107	105	98	121	745
2021/2022	107	100	122	96	108	104	118	755	\star	2026/2027	98	104	101	107	107	106	96	719

Total number (Reception to Year 6) actuals and projections by academic year



Primary surplus capacity

- The following slide shows published data up to 2020/21, with 2021/22 data captured from the Summer census calculations.
- The Inner London trend is up and has been increasing for the last 10 years. The national trend has also been increasing since 2017. Westminster's spare capacity percentage in its primary schools at 23.4% is amongst the highest in London (London average is 18%).
- When you combine this trend with the projections it is clear that the trajectory for primary school numbers is downwards.
- Source data for unfilled: <u>https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/data-tables/permalink/7a5215dc-94e2-4f95-b218-fa26a68475fc</u>

The 2021/22 figure of 23.4% is taken from the May 2022 pupil census (highlighted in yellow) The 2023 to 2026 spare capacity projections based on current PANs are highlighted in light green

Primary schools - unfilled places (as % of capacity)



Recommendations and action to address surplus capacity

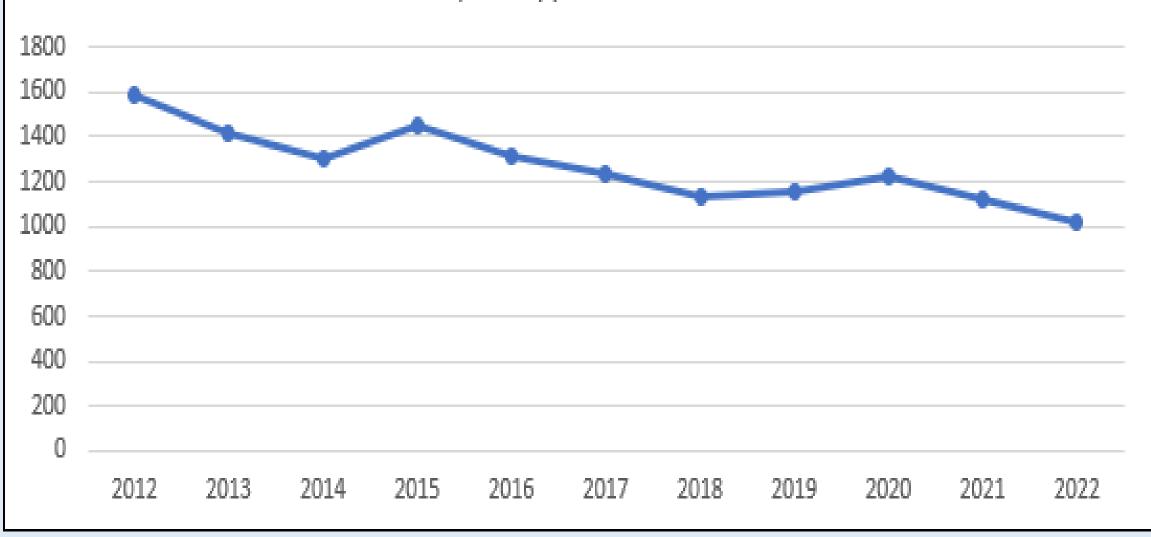
- Westminster's Schools Forum agreed in June 2022 that the initial Isos recommendation made in 2020 to remove 4-5 forms of entry should increase to 7-8 forms of entry. Taking account of legal processes that apply and timelines, the objective is to achieve this 7-8 forms of entry reduction by September 2025.
- The table below sets out reductions agreed to date (Sept 2022), those approved for 2023 and those due to be consulted on as part of the formal consultation on admission arrangements for 2024. The reductions equate to the removal of 3 forms of entry.
- Therefore, Schools Forum requires a further reduction of 4-5 forms of entry to be achieved across Westminster by September 2025.

Academic Year	Forms of entry removed (to be)	Schools
September 2022	1FE (30) 0.5FE (15)	Amalgamation of Westminster Cathedral and St Vincent de Paul RC Primaries Our Lady of Dolours RC Primary
		(1.5FE to 1FE)
September 2023	1FE (30)	George Eliot (2FE to 1FE)
September 2024	0.5FE (15) - proposed	Hallfield (2FE to 1.5FE)
September 2025		

Reception year group application trends

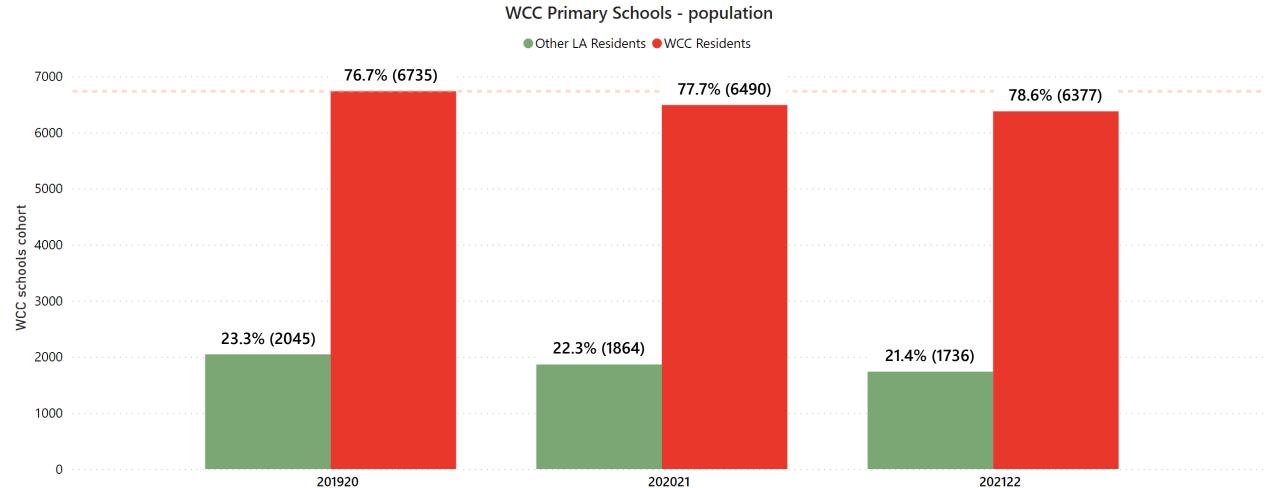
- Westminster Council, and many other London LAs, have seen a significant drop in the number of reception class applications submitted over the last two years partly due to the pandemic, but also falling birth rates and the fewer number of families in WCC. Since the 2020 reception round there has been a 17% fall in the number of on-time applicants. Following the reception 2022 allocations there is a surplus capacity of 29.2% for the reception year group across Westminster for September 2022 based on published admission numbers (PAN).
- Out of the 37 primary schools included in the process, 31 either had vacancies or only a very short waiting list at the end of the offer process.
- Early indications for the October 2022 school census, to be published in late November, and with reference to each school's on roll registration using the Schools Admissions Module (SAM), show that the surplus capacity is expected to reach 30% across reception.
- The next slide shows the fluctuation and overall decline of the number of on-time reception applications received over the last ten years.

Westminster Reception applications received 2012 - 2022



Westminster primary school resident breakdown

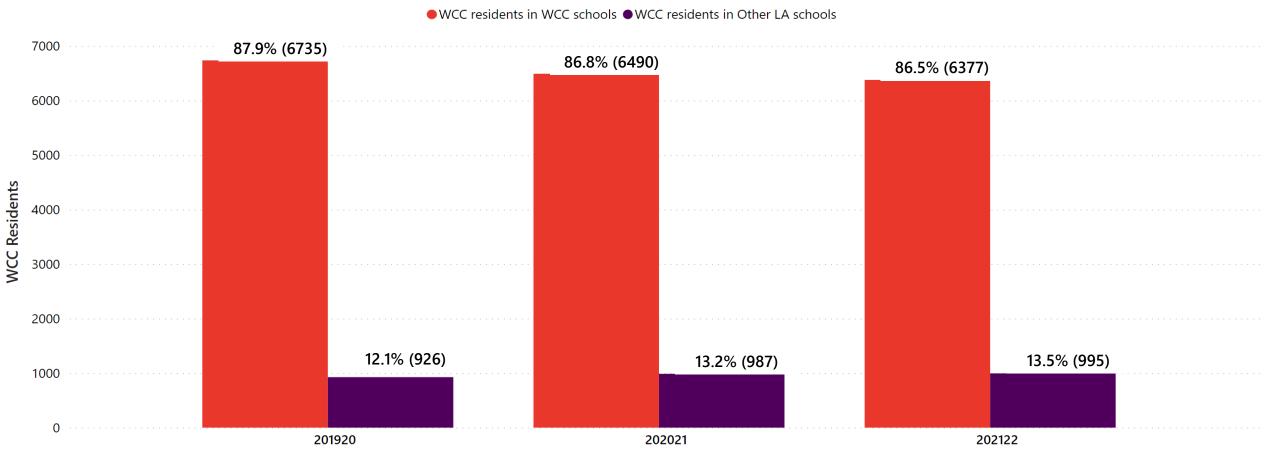
- The below shows the percentage of Westminster residents on roll in Westminster primary schools in the last the three years.
- Whilst overall primary demand has been falling over the last few years, the number of WCC residents taking up places in WCC primaries has increased slightly.

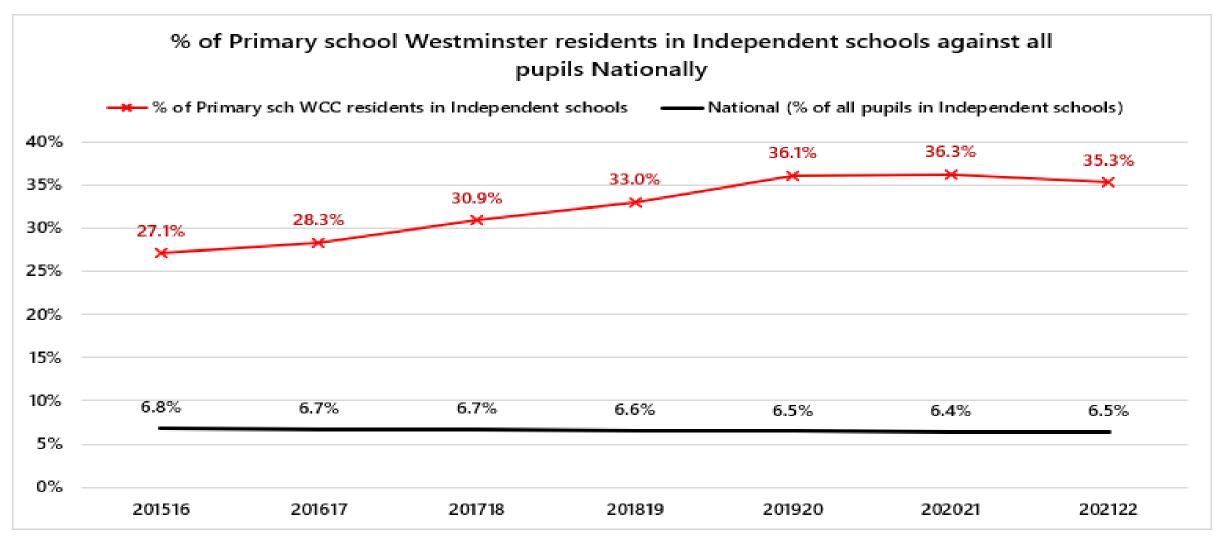


Westminster residents - breakdown of where they go to school

WCC Residents in Primary Schools

- The chart below shows where Westminster residents attend school with on average 87% attending Westminster primary schools.
- The trend remains largely unchanged over the last three years. For primary, this is mainly attributed to the geographical location of schools for residents located near the borough boundaries.





Source: https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/data-tables/permalink/d90b7e29-bcd4-4ccb-b8c8-3f5d58e087af

And: Publisher: GLA Demography - London Datastore

And Schools, pupils and their characteristics, Academic Year 2021/22 – Explore education statistics – GOV.UK (explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk)

Section 2

Secondary school projections

Secondary projections

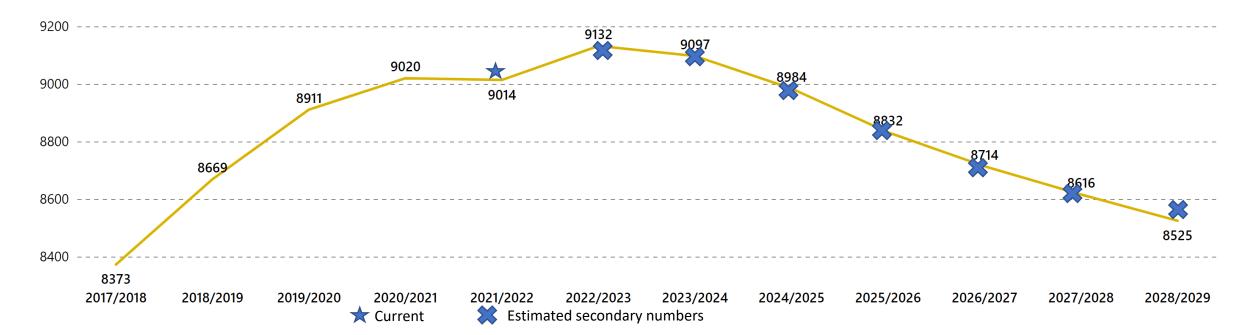
- Westminster secondary schools are fully subscribed, in stark contrast to the position across the primary sector, with a current deficit of -0.8%. This is the lowest in London.
- The council has a statutory duty to ensure there are sufficient school places for resident 5-16 year olds.
- Secondary projections are shown up to 2029.
- Basic Need capital funding has been allocated in recent years to expand schools to address the lack of secondary places. The popularity of schools in Westminster attracts a Pan London intake. The law does not allow priority to be given to Westminster residents*
- Even with falling birth rates, the overall representation for secondary projections is not comparable with primary. The ongoing demand for secondary schools in Westminster can be attributed to the not only the high proportion of resident applications from other LAs, but also the outstanding quality and reputation of our schools.
- There is much more flexibility for secondary schools, all but one of whom are academies or free schools, to increase their PAN to meet immediate demand without the need to permanently expand their school buildings.
- Secondary schools are currently exceeding their published admission numbers and taking additional children, predominantly refugees, on to their rolls through Fair Access.

*Greenwich Judgement (R v Greenwich London Borough Council, ex parte John Ball Primary School (1989) 88 LGR 589 [1990] Fam Law 469) which held that pupils should not be discriminated against in relation to admission to the school simply because they reside outside the local authority area in which the school is situated.

Secondary school forecasts – there is one planning area for place planning purposes Total admission number: based on the formal Published Admission Number (PAN) for each school : 8917 Current Deficit: (as at May pupil census 2022): -97 -0.8%

							Past, current and estimated numbers by	year group						
ACYear	7	8	9	10	11	7 to 11	WCC Secondary	ACYear	7	8	9	10	11	7 to 11
2017/2018	1802	1705	1710	1681	1475	8373	Planning Area	2022/2023	1795	1783	1832	1867	1855	9132
2018/2019	1825	1768	1700	1734	1642	8669		2023/2024	1736	1798	1795	1865	1903	9097
2019/2020	1870	1819	1778	1752	1692	8911		2024/2025	1670	1745	1814	1843	1912	8984
2020/2021	1833	1837	1802	1818	1730	9020		2025/2026	1618	1687	1771	1864	1892	8832
2021/2022	1776	1813	1822	1812	1791	9014 ★		2026/2027	1635	1633	1710	1820	1916	8714
								2027/2028	1671	1650	1660	1761	1874	8616
								2028/2029	1641	1685	1671	1713	1815	8525

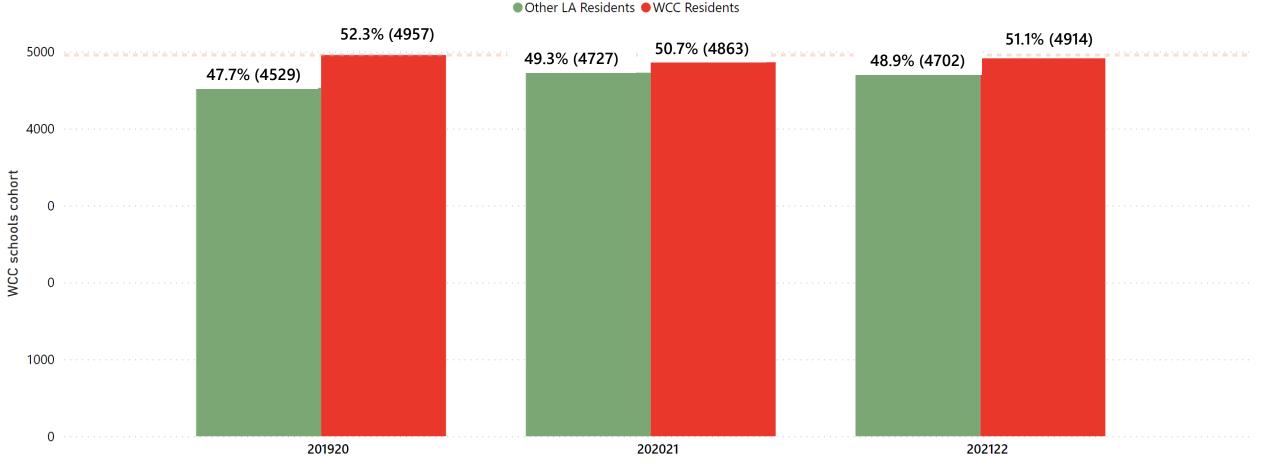
Total number (Year 7 to Year 11) actuals and projections by academic year



Westminster secondary school resident breakdown

- The below shows the percentage of Westminster residents on roll of Westminster secondary schools in the last three years with approximately 49% of the secondary school population made up of other LA residents.
- The high level of other LA residents is attributed to not only the attraction of WCC schools due to outcomes, but the geographical location of some schools to neighbouring LAs and the type of school and their admissions criteria (e.g. faith priority).

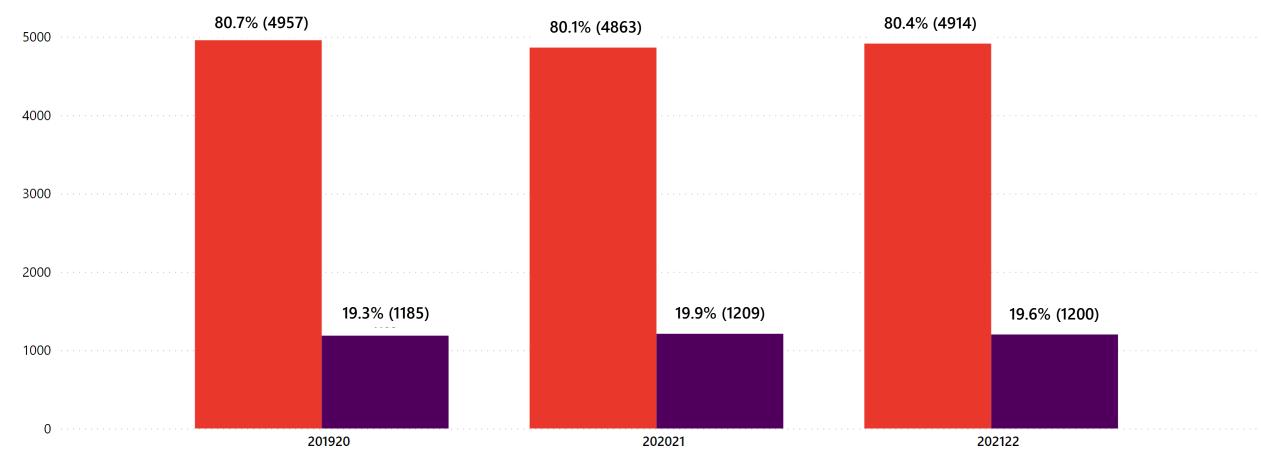
 WCC Secondary Schools population

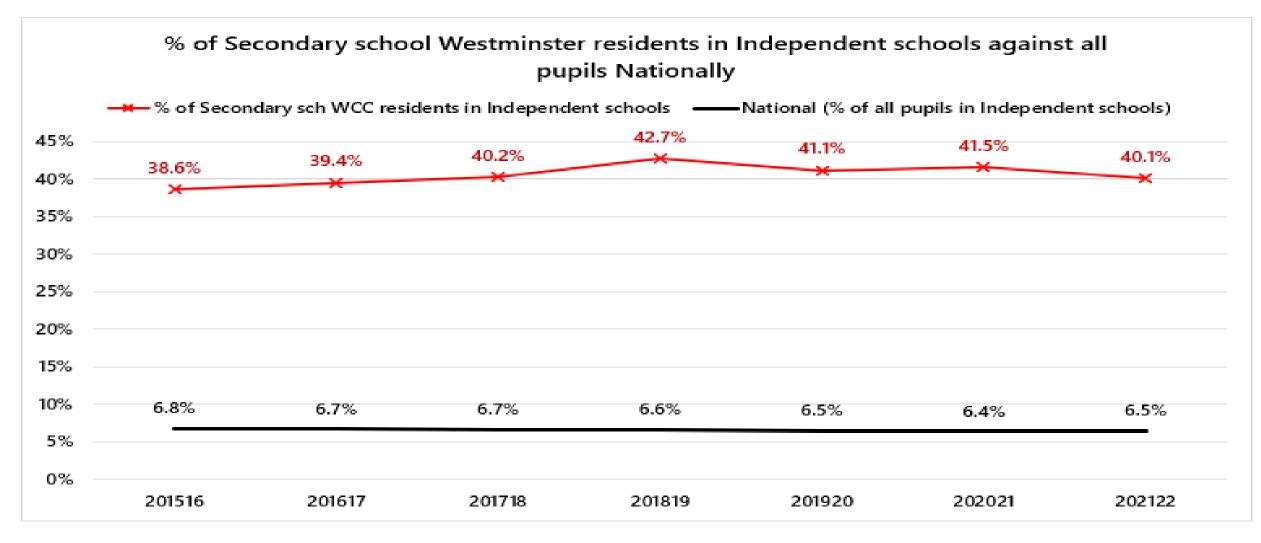


Westminster residents - breakdown of where they go to school

Westminster borders several LAs where schools are popular choices. However, approximately 80% of WCC residents choose to go to a WCC school which is high for an inner London LA.

• WCC residents in WCC schools • WCC residents in Other LA schools





Source: https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/data-tables/permalink/d90b7e29-bcd4-4ccb-b8c8-3f5d58e087af

And: Publisher: GLA Demography - London Datastore

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